



on Large Dams

Irrigation & Power

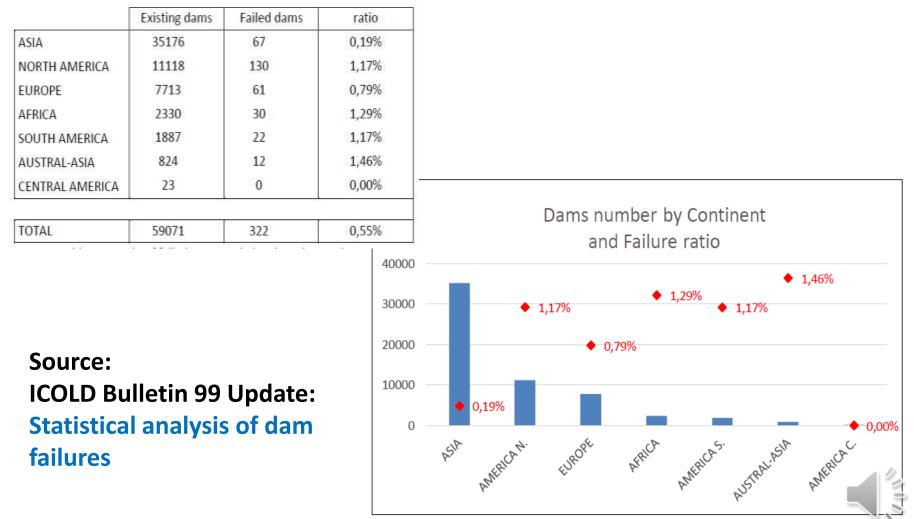
Organizing and Managing Dam Safety







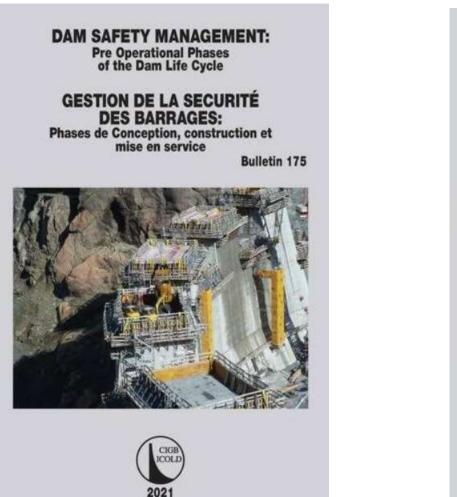
Some statistics on large dams

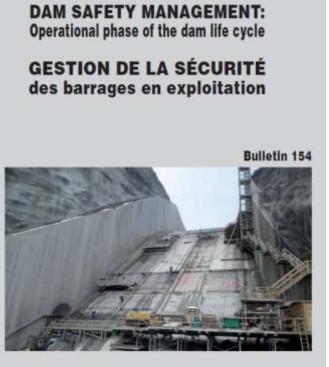






Dam Safety Management Guidance





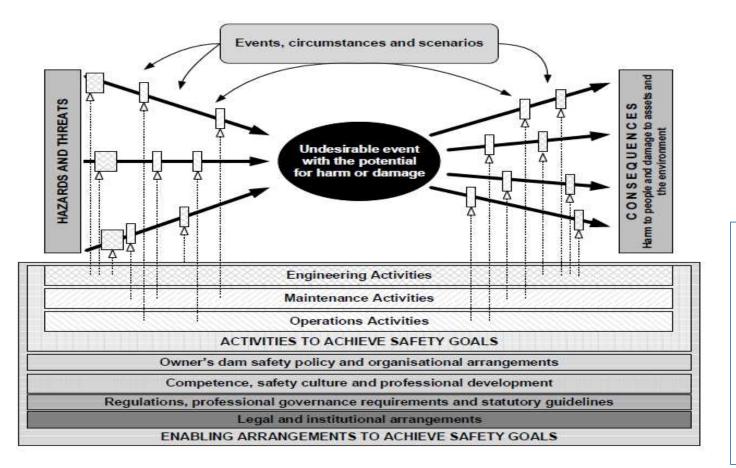








Dam Safety Management Framework



Source: ICOLD Bulletin Dam safety Guidance Dam Safety Concepts, Principles and Framework





Elements of Comprehensive Dam Safety Management



Source: ICOLD Bulletin Dam safety Guidance Dam Safety Concepts, Principles and Framework







Legal and Institutional Arrangements

Designing legal and institutional frameworks for assuring the safety of dams and downstream communities is typically a time consuming and complicated undertaking. The form that the regulation and oversight may take depends on the country characteristics that include:

- the prevailing legal system;
- the administrative arrangements;
- socio-economic context;
- technical characteristics of the portfolio of dams;
- the nature of ownership and financing arrangements;
- the sectoral distribution and hazard profile of the portfolio.

Source: ICOLD Bulletin Dam Safety Guidance Governance Considerations





Legal and Institutional Arrangements

GROUND RULES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF DAM SAFETY REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

- 1. Regulatory framework and the economic, societal and cultural conditions of the jurisdiction
- 2. Government's responsibility
- 3. Maximum level of assurance and the actual level of assurance
- 4. Regulatory framework must be developed from a range of legal, institutional, technical and financial options (various jurisdictional circumstances, different portfolio characteristics, human and financial resources and population locations and growth..







Legal and Institutional Arrangements

GROUND RULES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF DAM SAFETY REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

- 5. Dam safety regulatory arrangements must be cost-effective.
- 6. Cost of regulation must be distributed equitably.
- 7. Regulatory arrangements must be flexible.

8. Design of the regulatory framework evolving with changes in the portfolio and country conditions.



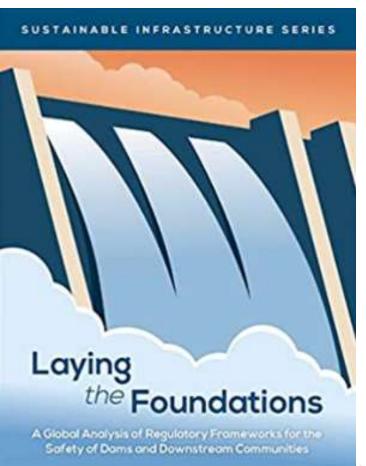




Legal and Institutional Arrangements



DAM SAFETY GOVERNANCE CONSIDERATIONS



August 2021

WORLD BANKSROUP

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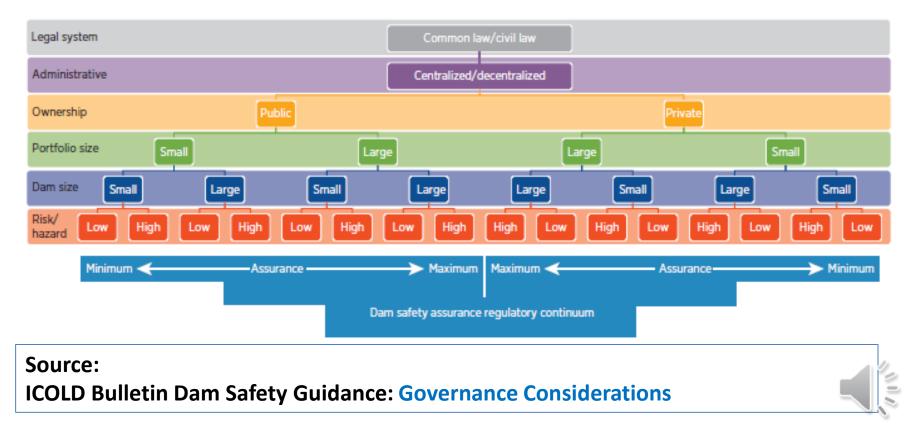




Legal and Institutional Arrangements

A continuum – the Regulatory Mix for Dam Safety

a continuum of legal and institutional options against which countries can assess their specific needs and requirements







Dam Safety decision-making: traditional and risk-informed approach

Traditional approach

Traditional methods of dam engineering have always been focused on safety and have resulted in a history of dam designs that have a great record of performance. Safety of dams has been controlled by an engineering standards-based approach, which has developed over many years, initially for the design of new dams, but increasingly applied over the past few decades to assess the safety of existing dams.

In following this approach dam engineers have always been conscious of effects of uncertainty at all stages of analysis and assessment and have taken it into account either intuitively or, indirectly, by following the widely accepted methods of traditional analysis, such as the use of safety factors and conservatism in applying loads and considering plausible scenarios.

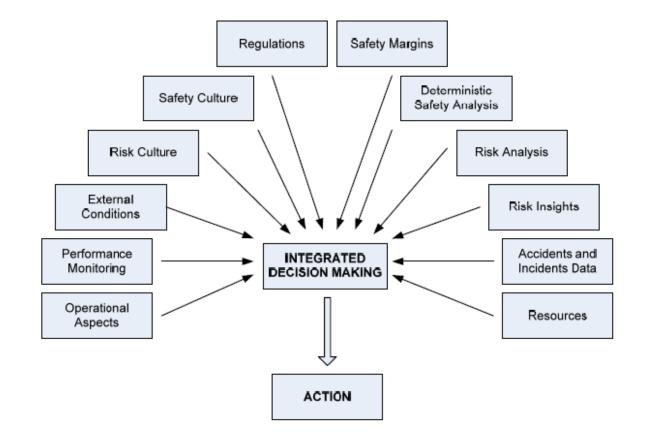






Dam Safety decision-making: traditional and risk-informed approach

Risk-informed approach to decision-making









Dam Safety decision-making: traditional and risk-informed approach Risk-informed approach

- <u>Societies are evolving</u> and their populations are becoming increasingly aware that safety is not an absolute condition, but is a tolerated situation, with various levels of residual risk always present
- The demand by society that <u>risks are identified</u>, <u>assessed</u>, <u>kept under review and</u> <u>properly controlled</u> has resulted in the application of risk assessment over a very wide spectrum of public and private activities which have the potential to affect the welfare and interests of the community
- Societal demands for <u>transparency and accountability</u> cause the increase in the complexity of decision-making for dams and that requires an improved approach for their economical and safe operation, maintenance and overall management.
- The traditional standards-based approach, by itself, is becoming increasingly inadequate to handle a single dam or a portfolio of dams in allocating limited resources for their operation, repair or improvement, in a climate of growing public scrutiny.



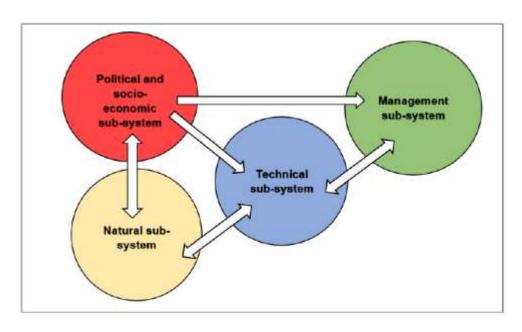


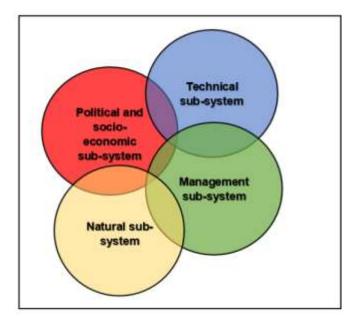
Dam Safety decision-making: traditional and risk-informed approach

Risk analysis

The methods are still evolving

- Approach based on event and fault trees
- Recognition of dams as complex systems requires different methods



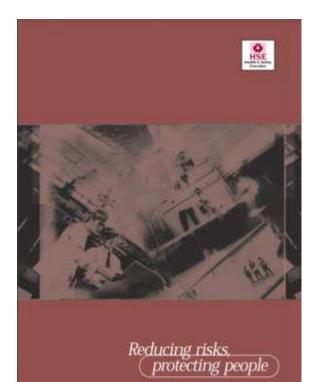








Dam Safety decision-making: traditional and risk-informed approach Risk evaluation



HSE's decision-making process

Risk tolerability framework developed by U.K. Health and Safety Executive (HSE)

- Australia, United States,
- Not appropriate in countries with civil law legal systems





Dam Safety decision-making: traditional and risk-informed approach Risk evaluation

Factors to be taken into account for the development of risk tolerability/acceptability limits

- Legal arrangements for dam safety
- Political aspects of introducing safety criteria that differ from traditional ways of assuring public safety
- Societal expectations
- Cultural traditions
- Economic aspects of safety regulation
- Background natural risk

Transfer of risk evaluation criteria from country to country??







We are going in the right direction but we are still not there

• We expect that any model we are now able to construct will be replaced by more complete ones in the future, and we do not know whether there is any natural end to this process – E.T. Jaynes, 2003

